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## Chapter 24

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**In combating the depression, President Herbert Hoover favored all of the following EXCEPT**

- A) federal relief programs for the unemployed
- B) state and local relief programs
- C) business maintaining wages and employment
- D) private volunteer efforts
- E) emergency financing for banks and railroads

**"The new Deal brought sweeping changes in American politics and society." Each of the following actions supports this statement EXCEPT**

- A) Roosevelt's use of federal deficit spending
- B) a majority of African Americans voting for democratic candidates
- C) passage of the Social Security Act
- D) increased spending by consumers
- E) increased power of labor unions

**The New Deal legislation that has had the widest impact over the past 60 years is the**

- A) Wagner Act
- B) National Industrial Recovery Act (NRA)
- C) Banking Act (FDIC)
- D) National Housing Act (FHA)
- E) Social Security Act

**"Economic indicators during Hoover's presidency reached new lows" Which of these indicators went UP instead of down?**

- A) farm prices
- B) unemployment
- C) national income
- D) GNP
- E) earnings

**Of the following, the greatest threat to Franklin D. Roosevelt and the New Deal was:**

- A) Huey Long
- B) A. Philip Randolph
- C) Father Coughlin
- D) Mary McLeod Bethune
- E) Herbert Hoover

**Which of the following pairs of people is closely identified with the bonus march?**

- A) Herbert Hoover and Douglas MacArthur
- B) Franklin Roosevelt and Eleanor Roosevelt
- C) Harry Hopkins and Frances Perkins
- D) John L. Lewis and John Maynard Keynes
- E) Alf Landon and Al Smith

**All of the following were passed or created by Congress during the second New Deal EXCEPT**

- A) The Social Security Act
- B) The Wagner Act
- C) the Works Progress Administration
- D) the Resettlement Administration
- E) the National Recovery Administration



**All of the following played a role in causing the Great Depression EXCEPT**

- A) uneven distribution of wealth
- B) weak farm economy
- C) overproduction of consumer goods
- D) low tariffs
- E) practice of buying stocks with borrowed money

**The New Deal implemented theories of John Maynard Keynes that stressed the importance of**

- A) a balanced federal budget
- B) deficit spending for pump priming
- C) a laissez-faire policy toward business
- D) "trickle-down" economic theory
- E) high-tariff protectionism

**In response to conservative rulings of the Supreme Court, President Roosevelt took action that resulted in...**

- A) his first major legislative defeat
- B) passage of a law recognizing the judicial branch
- C) his reelection in 1936
- D) New Deal laws being declared unconstitutional
- E) enactment of legislation known as the third New Deal

